

SAF

A New Pretreatment Technology Case Study: Suspended Air® Flotation





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Simmons Foods in Siloam Springs, Arkansas





- *SAF® = Suspended Air® Floatation
- *Uses froth made from an anionic surfactant, water, and air instead of air bubbles for flotation.
- One gallon of froth = 0.8 ml soap =
 - 0.6 gal water and 0.4 gal (0.05ft³) air.
- ^{*}Bubbles have an anionic charge so are attracted to the floc.
- Increases flotation rate so units can float 20-40 lbs (spec'ed at 30lbs) of solids per square foot per hour (lbs/hr/ft²).
- *Decreases the size of the unit vs. DAF; no lamella style plates
- *Less Maintenance
- *More Highly Dewatered Skimmed Solids
- *Better Results Water Clarity





* Installed two new units in <u>Siloam Springs</u>
* One primary
* One Secondary
* Installed one new unit in <u>Van Buren</u>
* Primary treatment.
* Converted two existing DAF units to SAFs in <u>Southwest City</u>.
* One primary
* One Secondary

*Simmons has gone SAF®







*New SAF® Units for Siloam Springs.





ClearFloater Model CF250 * 35ft² Float Cell - rated for 700 gpm @ 3000Mg/L TSS * 350 gpm - current actual flow * From Secondary SAF. * Influent flow contained 3000 mg/L MLSS.

*Siloam Springs SAF® Effluent







*Froth Generator

Model F-200 Froth Generator Shown







*Froth Flow Meter and Froth.





* Tote of Anionic Surfactant.
* Froth Generator.

* Surfactant metering pump.
* Water line.
* Froth pump.
* Holding tank.
* Flow meter.
* Flow control valve.

* Floc Mixer - Active Mixing Chamber.

*Froth Generation Summary.





Floc Mixer - replaces previous connection from floc tube to DAF inlet flange

* DAF to SAF Conversion: Froth Generator & Floc Mixer





* Secondary DAF
* 216 ft2 of surface area.
* At 1.8 MGD before SAF conversion it could handle 1500 mg/L influent suspended solids.

It now handles 3500 mg/L with no carry over Average effluent TSS = 15 mg/L.

Specified Maximum Flow @ Current Loading ~3500 gpm *Secondary SAF®





*Secondary SAF® Effluent.



Secondary DAF	<u>SAF® Retrofit</u>
* 60 HP Recirculation Pump \$31,367/yr @ \$0.08/KWHR	Equivalent - 10HP; \$5,230/yr @ \$0.08/KWHR
N/A	Frothing Agent Consumption @ 25 GPM Output; (1)-tote/6wks; \$38,780/yr
Coagulant Consumption: \$350,000/yr	Coagulant Consumption: \$140,000
Cationic Polymer Consumption: 120Lbs/Day; \$87,600/yr	Cationic Polymer Consumption: 60Lbs/Day; \$43,800/yr
Total O&M Costs/yr: \$468,967	Total O&M Costs/yr: \$227,810
	Net Savings/yr: \$241,157

*Difficult to quantify savings associated with directly reclaiming water vs requiring additional treatment

* Secondary DAF to SAF® Cost Comparison





*Converted Primary DAF.

*It was maxed out at 1250 gpm and 2000 - 2500 mg/L influent solids.

*It now treats an additional 700 gpm.

- Specified to treat a maximum 2400 gpm.
- *Cost effective way to increase capacity.

* Primary DAF to SAF® Conversion.



<u>Primary DAF</u>	<u>SAF® Retrofit</u>
40 HP Recirculation Pump	Equivalent - 10HP; \$5,230/yr @
\$20,920/yr @ \$0.08/KWHR	\$0.08/KWHR
N/A	Frothing Agent Consumption @ 25 GPM Output; (1)-tote/6wks; \$38,780/yr
Organic Coagulant Consumption:	Organic Coagulant Consumption:
700Lbs/Day; \$130,000/yr	350Lbs/Day; \$65,000/yr
Cationic Polymer Consumption:	Cationic Polymer Consumption:
120Lbs/Day; \$87,600/yr	120Lbs/Day; \$87,600/yr
Anionic Polymer Consumption:	Anionic Polymer Consumption:
110Lbs/Day; \$50,000/yr	0-Lbs/Day; \$0.00/yr
Total O&M Costs/yr: \$288,540	Total O&M Costs/yr: \$196,610
	Net Savings/yr: \$91,930

*Primary DAF to SAF® Cost Comparison



SAF is mechanically simpler than a DAF:

- Removes recirculation pump, header, compressor, and air lines. (No more air lines plugging in header which would also cause packing to blow out on recirc pump.)
- *No requirement for lamella style plates
- * Less maintenance

*It's operator friendly.

- * It's 6 times more efficient than a DAF (20-40 lbs/hr/ft² vs. 5 lbs/hr/ft²).
- * You can adjust the froth flow (i.e. floatation air) to the loading.
- * Feed less chemical (less polymer mixing).
- Better results
- * Thicker Solids

